

AGRICULTURAL.

PRUNING WHEN TRANSPLANTING.

We consider it important to shorten back all fruit trees, shrubs and vines when transplanting. It lessens by reducing the number of buds, the demand for supply on the roots as soon as that laid up in the bud is exhausted, and it gives increased vitality and vigor to the remaining buds, by giving them the supply that would have been devoted to those removed, had they been left to remain. There is, however, room for study in the practice of heading, because of the vigor of growth and power of producing strong, new shoots being much greater in some sorts than others. The peach, for instance, may be cut back to within two feet of the crown, leaving not a limb or twig, and yet the tree in the ensuing fall will be found, under good cultivation, to have made four or five strong shoots, each a many feet long, and with abundant branches. Pursue the same course with the apple, and nine times out of ten the result will be only a few feeble shoots of four to six inches, with a dead tree the following spring. The pear, when worked on the quince, will bear much more severe pruning back than when on the pear stock; and further, some varieties will endure more severe pruning than others. The grape, when cut back two or three buds, grows vigorously; but if left unpruned, it strangles a year or two, produces a few imperfect bunches, and is dead. These are some of the many variations that an observing horticulturist will notice on short practice, and which will soon cause him to feel confidence in transplanting trees at any age, provided he is allowed to prune them back according to their age and habits.—*Horticulturist.*

THE SUNNY SIDE.

We advise everybody to live on the sunny side of their houses. The room in which the family spends most of its time should be on the side on which the sun can find its way into it. Let the parlor, if it be seldom used be on the shady side. We observe that there is not a cottage so ignorant that she will not set her plants, if she has taste enough to grow them, in the east window in the morning, and at noon turn them to a south window, and in the afternoon put them in the west window. But perhaps she is careful to keep her children in the shade, and her precious self, so far as possible, out of the rays of the sun. The plants, in obedience to natural law, are kept healthy, while the children and mother, being kept in the shade, suffer in consequence.

Light is beginning to be considered a great curative agent. The chief advantage in going into the country is to get into the sunshine, and to be in the pure breezes. If we desire merely to keep cool, we should stay in the shady city. People talk of "hot walls" and "burning pavements," it is much hotter in the country, for the breezes that play there in midday only bring heated air in from out doors. But in the city the breeze brings air in from the shady side of the street, and the lower rooms of a city house are much cooler in midday than the exposed houses of the country.

Parents can do nothing better for their puny, sick boys than to put them on a farm for two or three summers, and let the sun bathe them the livelong day. They will, by such a life, grow rapidly, and become tough, brawny and broad. We have seen this tried to the highest advantage in more than one instance under our advice.

UNPREDICTED MANURE.—Many excellent farmers have an idea that manure to be most efficient in raising crops should be well rotted; but this is a mistake. Manure loses a very heavy percentage of its real value by decomposition. Fresh manure, dripping with animal urine, hauled directly from the stable on the land and plowed under, is worth nearly double that which has decomposed to a saponaceous consistency. When it is convenient for farmers to haul their manure on corn-ground from the stable as fast as it is made, it saves handling it twice, and forwards the work in busy spring time. No fears need be entertained that the atmosphere will carry off the strength of the manure if left on the surface. The only danger to be apprehended by this method, will be in case of the ground being frozen and covered with snow and ice when the manure is applied; if upon sloping land, the virtue of the manure might wash away, but on level land there is no exception to this plan of operation during the entire fall and winter season.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

CURB.

Curb is of most frequent occurrence among horses with straight hind legs. It is a sprain or rupture of the fibres of a ligament situated at the posterior part of the hock joint. I have seen a thorough bred yearling, possessing the conformation above referred to, with large curbs on both hocks, though it is not usual to see curbs on a horse before he has been put to work. It is caused by the horse's weight being suddenly thrown on the hock joints, so that the ligament before mentioned is subjected to great tension, and consequently a rupture of some of its fibres ensues. Curbs are of frequent occurrence in hunters, as the nature of their work severely tests the strength of their hocks. Immediately after the appearance of a curb there is considerable heat, pain and swelling. At this stage hot fomentations should be frequently used, and when the heat and tenderness have disappeared, a blister should be applied, and the horse should have several week's rest.

DESTROY CATERPILLAR EGGS NOW.—The Maine Farmer says that during this month the eggs of the apple tree caterpillar—which may be found encircling the ends of the small twigs of trees, can be much more easily and completely destroyed than at any other time of the year. They can be readily seen, and by choosing a warm day for the operation, with a light ladder upon which to ascend the tree, and a small basket in which to put the twigs containing the nests, the work can be performed most satisfactorily.

NEW RESTAURANT,

In Shive's Building, on Main Street.
WM. GILMORE,

Informs the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity that he has opened a New

RESTAURANT,

In this place he will entertain his old friends and customers to call and partake of his refreshments.—It is his intention to keep the best

LAGER BEER AND ALE.

not surprised in this place, via Pickled Oysters and Onion Water, Fancy Lemondrops, Raspberry and Lemon curd, can always be had at his Restaurant. In the eating line he presents a good article of

Cigars and Chewing Tobacco
for his customers. **C. J. give him a call.**
Bloomsburg, June 13, 1866.

GRAT BARGAINS

AND

Reduction in Prices.

The undersigned will offer to the public

GREAT BARGAINS

in all kinds of

Merchandise,

Such as

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,

Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps,

and Novelties in every variety.

Notices will be given the first of January, will be conducted on a strictly

CASH SYSTEM,

and persons wishing to purchase anything in our line can do so at a very small percentage on

Current Wholesale Prices.

All kinds of produce and grain taken in exchange.

We respectfully invite the public to

GIVE US A CALL,

and a share of their patronage.

SILINCH & HUMAN,

Catonsville, January 2, 1867.

LUMBER! LUMBER!!

I, the Bloomsburg Lumber Company, would respectfully inform the public that they

have their

PLANING MILL

now in operation with an extensive assortment of

LUMBER.

and are prepared to supply all orders at short notice and at low prices for cash. Their asso-

ciation of lumber consists of

White Pine, Plank, Boards,

Flooring, Surface Boards,

Siding, Hemlock Planks,

and milled, planed, to suit themselves.

The planing mill is situated at the Railroad yard, very conveniently for shipping in to the cargo boats, and for delivery to all parts of the country.

Appointments for Terriers and Azoetropes received by BROWN & PERKINS, General Agents for the United States, 420 Broome St., New York, N. Y.

and in the person of the manager, who wants a

new office, he is anxious to have a

shop, and persons who desire him of even

description will do well to examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

They have a planing mill, a saw mill, that they have

constructed, and a saw mill, which is a

very large and length

and a large quantity of lumber for building.

Agents will also do well to examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

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